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Potential ways the gas industry can contribute to the reduction of methane emissions

Francisco de la Flor, Member of the Board of GIE and MARCOGAZ

Jos Dehaeseleer, Secretary General of MARCOGAZ

5 of November of 2019, Brussels

# Some publications questioning the future role of natural gas

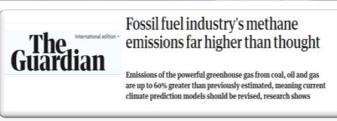




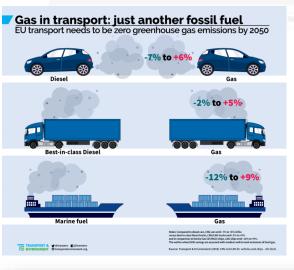
Natural gas is a \$22bn distraction for EU shipping that won't decarbonise the sector – study

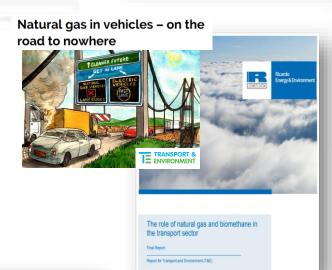












# Natural Gas Makes No Contribution to Climate Protection

Switching from coal and oil to natural gas accelerates climate change through alarming methane emissions



### A dirty little secret

The Economist

Natural gas's reputation as a cleaner fuel than coal and oil risks being sullied by methane emissions

The New Gas Boom

TRACKING GLOBAL LNG INFRASTRUCTURE

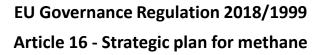
WORSE THAN THE COAL BOOM:
MEASURING THE CARBON FOOTPRINT OF THE LNG BOOM

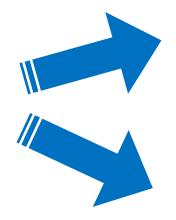
Natural gas is not a 'bridge fuel', as claimed, but an expensive dead-end on the pathway to decarbonising transport.

# Current initiatives by the Commission









#### Conclusion of 31<sup>st</sup> Madrid Forum, October 2018

GIE & MARCOGAZ report on the potential ways the gas industry can contribute to the reduction of methane emissions

#### Tender: "Limiting methane emissions in the energy sector"

Methane Supply Index (indicator of methane footprint) of the gas supply corridors to the EU (Norway, Russia, North-Africa, LNG and in the future, the Caspian route)



Climate Action Summit (UN) New York, September 2019

Given the scale of the challenge, the EC is exploring further ways to better measure and report methane emissions across all hydrocarbon industries and reduce methane emissions from energy production and use. There is still a significant potential to reduce emissions with low costs.

## Gas industry initiatives



 Several collaboration initiatives (on voluntary basis).























Gas industry contributes to increasing transparency via studies, research, analysis and initiatives, in order to overcome the uncertainty about CH₄ emissions.





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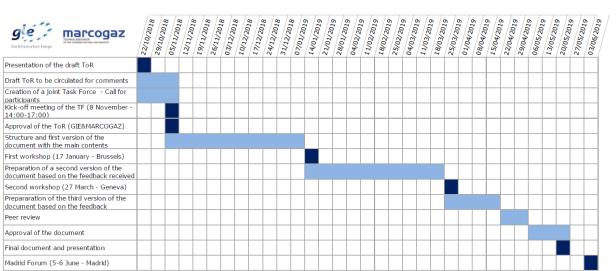
## Organisation of the project



#### **Terms of Reference**









Imperial College London



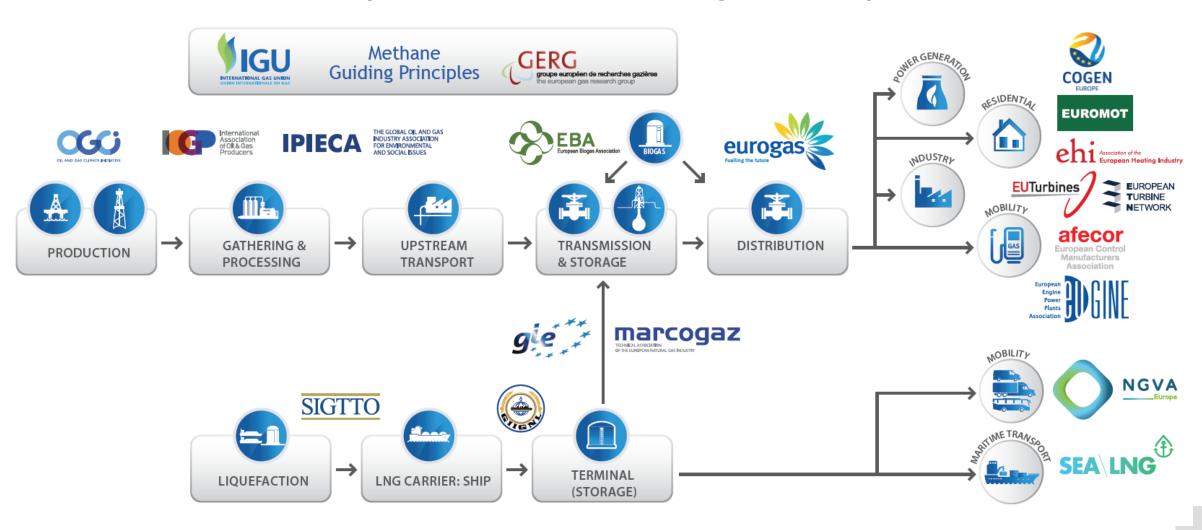
1<sup>st</sup> WS (Brussels) - Almost 50 participants representing 37 organizations covering the entire gas chain, from production to utilization, the EC and NGOs

2<sup>nd</sup> WS (Geneva) – More than 90 participants representing gas industry, the EC, international institutions, NGOs and academics. Representatives from Third Countries

# Contributions from representatives of the entire gas chain



#### From production to utilisation, including biomethane plants



# Questions raised by the European Commission



Q1 - What is the current status of CH₄ emissions in the gas sector in the EU?

Q2 - What did the gas industry do until now?

Q3 - What are the ongoing initiatives and future commitments of the gas industry to further reduce CH<sub>4</sub> emissions?

Q4 - What are the identified challenges and future actions?

# The role of the industry in reducing methane emissions

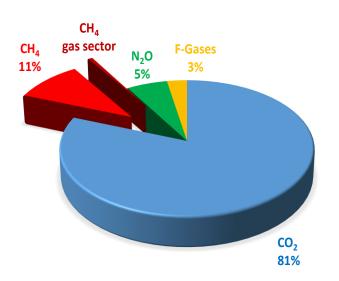




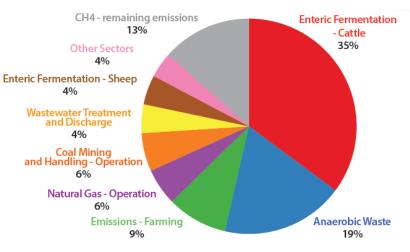
# Current status of EU CH<sub>4</sub> emissions (data 2016)



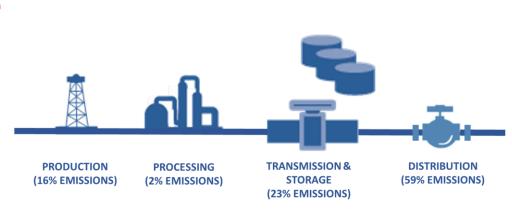
# Total EU GHG emissions (in CO<sub>2-eq</sub>)



#### CH<sub>4</sub> emissions per source



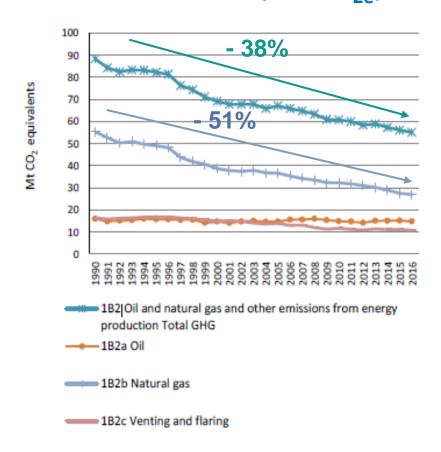
# **CH**<sub>4</sub> emissions from EU natural gas operations



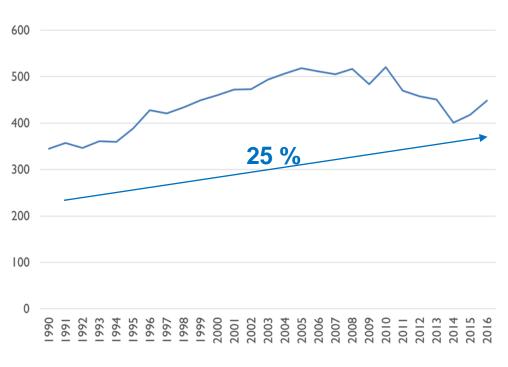
## Emissions in the gas sector



# Emissions data trend 1B2 (oil&gas) in the EU (Mt CO<sub>2e</sub>)



#### EU gas consumption (bcm)



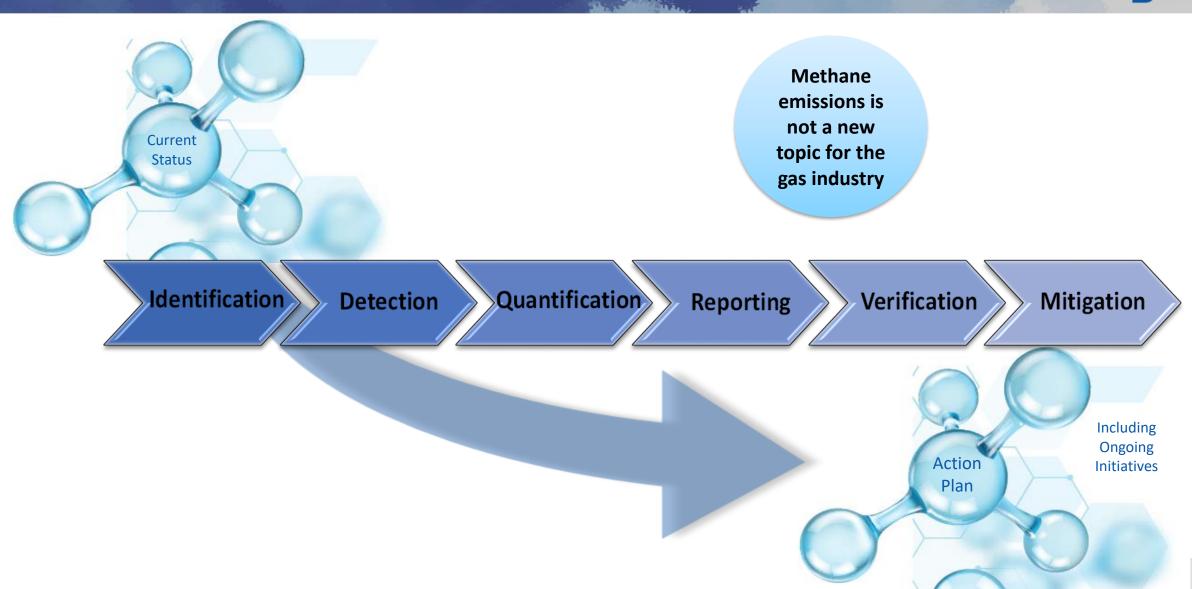
Source: Data from EEA - Annual EU GHG inventory 1990–2016 and inventory report 2018

# **Report – Contents**



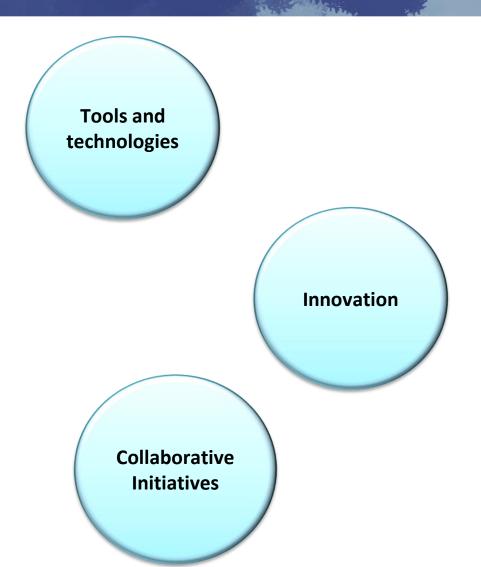


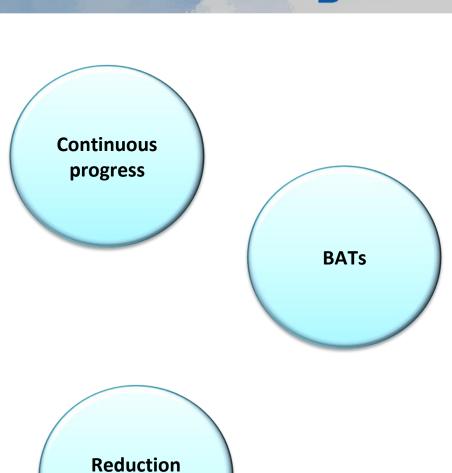
# Actions undertaken to reduce methane emissions marcogaz



# Actions undertaken to reduce methane emissions marcogaz







targets

## Summary of existing activities



| Production,<br>transmission,<br>LNG terminals,<br>UGS and<br>distribution | Type of emission  |                                      |                               |  |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
|   | Fugitive  | Venting                              | Incomplete combustion         |  |
| Identification /<br>Detection   | LDAR-type<br>programs<br>involving use of<br>IR cameras,<br>sniffers, etc.  | Equipment/process<br>mapping         | Equipment/process<br>mapping  |  |
| Quantification  | Measured,<br>calculated and/or<br>modelled  | Measured, calculated and/or modelled | Calculated and/or<br>modelled |  |
| Mitigation  | LDAR programs   | ograms Implementation of BAT         |                               |  |
| Reporting   | - Sustainability and carbon footprint reports (based on company inventories) - National Inventory Reports (to national authorities) - Partnership and associations methodologies (e.g. CCAC OGMP, OGCI, IOGP, IPIECA, MARCOGAZ) - Reporting initiatives (e.g. CDP, EDF) |                                      |                               |  |
| Validation /<br>Verification  | According to GHG Protocol, EN 15446, ISO 14064, ISO 14001, ISO 50001, ISAE 3000.  Verification of emissions often done by a third party   |                                      |                               |  |

✓ The systematic approach to identify, detect, quantify, report and verify emissions is essential to close the current knowledge gap and enable gas industry to prioritise and allocate capital and human resources to efficiently target methane emissions at the lowest abatement cost.

## After the report - Action plan





**Dissemination activities** and **training programmes** organise between GIE and MARCOGAZ based on the report

**Brochure** already published





# First **training programme** will take place on 26-27 November in Vienna







#### **Dissemination activities:**

- ✓ Madrid Forum
- ✓ IGU Committees
- ✓ GasNaturally WS
- **✓** EGATEC 2019
- **/** ..

## After the report - Action plan





#### **AROUND 60 MAIN ACTIONS**

GIE and MARCOGAZ encourage the gas industry to support the next steps and to join the action!

#### Challenges and gaps Actions (timing) Educational toolkit under development by Methane Guiding Principles (by the end of 2019) Educational Outreach Programme under development by Methane Guiding Principles (by the end of 2019) OGCI outreach to national oil & gas companies (NOCs) on BAT implementation with (ongoing) Awareness and knowledge on the methane emissions topic OGCI engagement in downstream activities (ongoing) Organisation of workshops for EU gas industry to share information on the main findings of the (present) GIE and MARCOGAZ report, ensuring involvement of all EU countries and utilisation (end of 2019 / beginning 2020) IPIECA Methane mapping tool (2019) Gas operators seeking guidance to address methane Fragmented initiatives along emission reduction and urge the associations to take an the gas value chain active role in the global initiatives (ongoing) Aggregation of methane EU gas associations to work jointly on a proposal, emission data along the EU gas including units (TBD10) value chain Proper allocation of methane Oil & gas producers to explore possible methodologies emissions to oil & gas chains related to the allocation of methane emissions (TBD) Harmonised definitions along EU gas associations to collaborate based on the IPIECA the EU gas value chain Glossary (TBD)

**Awareness** 

Standardisation & Measurement

| Challenges and gaps |   | Actions (timing)  |
|---------------------|---|---|
|                     | Harmonised reporting  | <ul> <li>Methane common reporting template developed by<br/>Methane Guiding Principles (2019-2020)</li> <li>European voluntary system for control of methane<br/>emissions will be developed by EBA (TBD)</li> </ul>                            |
| Reporting           | Improve accuracy<br>and transparency<br>of national<br>inventories                                | <ul> <li>Coordination between the gas industry and national<br/>authorities to improve quality of data. NIR should be<br/>based on Tier 3 approach for the entire gas chain in the<br/>future. (TBD)</li> </ul>                                 |
|                     | Improvement of<br>harmonised<br>quantification<br>methodologies and<br>gathering<br>measured data | CCAC Methane Science Studies, in collaboration with<br>UNECE, EDF and OGCI (ongoing)     MARCOGAZ pre-standard for transmission and<br>distribution related to identification and quantification<br>(2019)                                      |
|                     | Reconciliation of<br>bottom-up and<br>top-down<br>approaches                                      | <ul> <li>Collaboration between NGOs, industry and academia<br/>will lead to further reduction of uncertainty between<br/>methodologies (some ongoing CCAC Methane Science<br/>Studies, but more work in this area is required) (TBD)</li> </ul> |
|                     | Improvement of<br>companies'<br>inventory data  | <ul> <li>Verification and validation of emissions according to<br/>reference standards (TBD)</li> </ul>   |
|                     | Knowledge and<br>data on utilisation  | - Ongoing projects (2019 & 2020)  |

| Challenges and gaps  |  | Actions (timing)   |  |
|--|--|--|--|
|  | Limited financial<br>and economic<br>incentives (in some<br>cases) to put in<br>place mitigation<br>measures | - Gas industry to do cost/benefit analysis<br>- Incentives from Authorities  |  |
| Mitigation   | Establishment of<br>methane emission<br>reduction targets<br>at company level                                | - Gas companies, who don't have it yet, to consider the establishment of reduction targets   |  |
|  | Employees<br>engagement on<br>methane emission<br>reduction  | <ul> <li>Once gas companies establish reduction targets, to<br/>evaluate the possibility to set up performance<br/>remuneration for the employees</li> </ul>   |  |
|  | Dissemination of<br>BAT information  | <ul> <li>Analysis of the most efficient BATs</li> <li>Gas industry to take part of the outreach programmes<br/>and participate in GIE and MARCOGAZ workshops</li> </ul>  |  |
|  | Innovation on<br>technologies  | <ul> <li>OGCI (Climate Investments) initiative "Towards zero methane emissions"</li> </ul>   |  |
| Missing cross sectorial opportunities and exchange of views (i.e. innovative technologies, BATs) aimed at the reduction of methane emissions |  | <ul> <li>Creation of an industry/cross-sectorial Forum/Platform<br/>bringing together different EU sectors responsible for<br/>methane emissions and representatives of non-EU<br/>companies/organisations.</li> </ul> |  |
| Methane emissions data of<br>natural gas imports   |  | <ul> <li>Enhance the collaboration with non-EU companies<br/>(suppliers)</li> </ul>  |  |
| Potential overlapping with<br>existing EU and national<br>regulation on methane  |  | <ul> <li>Analysis of EU and national regulation, including its<br/>impact (gas industry to support this action). (TBD)</li> </ul>  |  |

Mitigation & Reporting

